

CANNA INDICA

COMMON NAME: INDIAN SHOT
BOTANICAL NAME: CANNA INDICA
KINGDOM: PLANTAE
DIVISION: ANGIOSPERMS
CLASS: LILIOPSIDA
ORDER: ZINGIBERALES
GENUS: CANNA
SPECIES: INDICA
FAMILY: CANNACEAE



NATIVITY OF CANNA INDICA: Its nativity has been ascribed to some countries such as South America, Venezuela, Brazil and Argentina. It is also seen in Peru, Uruguay and Central America

ABOUT CANNA INDICA: commonly called *Achira* in Latin America, has been cultivated by Native Americans in tropical America for thousands of years, and was one of the earliest domesticated plants in the Americas. The plants have large foliage, so horticulturists have developed selected forms as large-flowered garden plants. The wild species often grow to at least 2–3 m (6.6–9.8 ft) in height. But wide variation in size exists among cultivated plants; numerous cultivars have been selected for smaller stature. It is an ornamental plant. Cannas grow from swollen underground stems, correctly known as rhizomes, which store starch, and this is the main attraction of the plant to agriculture, Having the largest starch grains of all plant life. It is used to treat menstrual pains.

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